#### RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc. Sun City West, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of June 30, 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc. as of June 30, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc. adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. As a result of the implementation of FASB ASC 606, Recreation Centers at Sun City West, Inc. reported a restatement for the change of accounting principle. Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

#### Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information on future major repairs and replacements (unaudited) be presented on pages 16 through 18 to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona September 21, 2021

# RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	Operating Fund	Reserve Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,067,820	\$ 5	\$ 12,067,825
Certificates of Deposit	-	3,109,993	3,109,993
Investments	-	25,656,994	25,656,994
Receivables:			
Membership Dues, Net	204,677	-	204,677
Other	726,923	-	726,923
Interfund Receivables (Payables)	(1,988,062)	1,988,062	-
Inventories	183,206	-	183,206
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	439,680		439,680
Total Current Assets	11,634,244	30,755,054	42,389,298
LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT, Net	48,185,344		48,185,344
Total Assets	\$ 59,819,588	\$ 30,755,054	\$ 90,574,642
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 2,430,197	\$ -	\$ 2,430,197
Deferred Income	7,258,518	· -	7,258,518
Replacement Fund Reserve	· · · · -	30,755,054	30,755,054
Total Liabilities	9,688,715	30,755,054	40,443,769
MEMBERS' EQUITY, As Restated	50,130,873		50,130,873
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 59,819,588	\$ 30,755,054	\$ 90,574,642

# RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Operating Fund	Reserve Fund	Totals
REVENUES			
Membership Dues and Other Fees	\$ 14,740,756	\$ -	\$ 14,740,756
Asset Preservation Fee	-	1,552,722	1,552,722
Golf Course Fees	8,686,905	-	8,686,905
Ancillary Revenue	928,624	-	928,624
Bowling Fees	433,522	-	433,522
Recreation Fees	20,250	-	20,250
Special Events Income (Loss)	(27,024)	-	(27,024)
Merchandise Sales Income	146,752	-	146,752
Food and Beverage Income	166,361	-	166,361
Club Funding of Capital Projects	-	5,350	5,350
Investment Income on Reserve Investments	-	771,600	771,600
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain			
on Reserve Investments	-	1,405,832	1,405,832
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	6,181		6,181
Total Revenues	25,102,327	3,735,504	28,837,831
EXPENSES			
Wages and Benefits	14,366,817	-	14,366,817
Utilities	2,432,224	-	2,432,224
Repairs and Maintenance	1,514,132	-	1,514,132
Landscape Maintenance	1,503,359	-	1,503,359
Supplies and Services	488,562	-	488,562
Operating Expenses	655,368	-	655,368
Taxes and Insurance	674,882	-	674,882
Interest and Financial Expense	479,522	-	479,522
Employee-Related Expenses	149,995	-	149,995
Legal and Professional	146,310	-	146,310
Depreciation and Amortization	3,949,076		3,949,076
Total Expenses	26,360,247		26,360,247
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	(1,257,920)	3,735,504	2,477,584
INTERFUND TRANSFERS - CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	6,792,482	(6,792,482)	-
INTERFUND TRANSFERS - RESERVE CONTRIBUTION	(3,714,196)	3,714,196	-
INTERFUND TRANSFERS - OPERATING	657,218	(657,218)	-
Members' Equity - Beginning of Year, as Restated	47,653,289		47,653,289
MEMBERS' EQUITY - END OF YEAR	\$ 50,130,873	\$ -	\$ 50,130,873

#### RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Operating Fund	Reserve Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	\$	2,477,584	\$ -	\$ 2,477,584
Adjustments to Reconcile Excess of				
Revenues Over Expenses to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		3,949,076	-	3,949,076
Gain on Disposal of Assets		(6,181)	-	(6,181)
Net Realized and Unrealized		,		,
Gain on Reserve Investments		-	(1,405,832)	(1,405,832)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:			( , , , ,	( , , , ,
Membership Dues, Net		83,788	_	83,788
Other		157,171	_	157,171
Interfund Receivables (Payables)		1,988,062	(1,988,062)	-
Inventories		39,426	(1,000,002)	39,426
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		(88,762)	_	(88,762)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(00,702)		(00,702)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		(161,353)		(161,353)
Deferred Income		316,723	_	316,723
Replacement Fund Reserve		310,723	3,508,278	3,508,278
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		8,755,534	 114,384	 8,869,918
		0,700,004	114,004	0,000,010
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(750.047)	(750.047)
Purchase of Investments		-	(759,817)	(759,817)
Purchase of Certificates of Deposit		-	(605,441)	(605,441)
Proceeds From the Sale of Land,		04.400		04.400
Buildings, and Equipment		24,199	-	24,199
Purchases of Land, Buildings, and Equipment		(6,792,482)	 - (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(6,792,482)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(6,768,283)	(1,365,258)	(8,133,541)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of Debt		(2,245,716)	 	(2,245,716)
Cash Used by Financing Activities		(2,245,716)	-	(2,245,716)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS		(258,465)	(1,250,874)	(1,509,339)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		12,326,285	1 250 970	13,577,164
Casil and Casil Equivalents - Deginining of feat		12,320,203	 1,250,879	 13,377,104
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	12,067,820	\$ 5	\$ 12,067,825
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF				
CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash Paid for Interest	\$		\$ 	\$ 
	_	<del>-</del>	 <del>-</del>	 <del></del>

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Organization and Operations**

Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc. (the Association) was incorporated in October 1979 in the state of Arizona as a nonprofit organization. The purpose of the Association is to operate, maintain, and preserve facilities which enhance the recreational, social, and leisure interests of its members and to provide and maintain certain civic and community services. The membership consists of homeowners and other residents in Sun City West, Arizona, which totaled 28,664 on June 30, 2021.

Membership in the Association is limited to homeowners or residents of Sun City West, Arizona who meet certain qualifications. A total of 17,741 rooftops on June 30, 2021 have been developed within Sun City West. Approval of the Association's governing board of directors is required for any additional rooftops to become eligible for membership in the Association.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Association's governing documents provide certain guidelines for governing its financial activities. To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions on the use of financial resources, the Association maintains its accounts using fund accounting. Financial resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes in the following funds established according to their nature and purpose:

#### Operating Fund

This fund is used to account for financial resources available for the general operations of the Association.

#### Reserve Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources designated for future major repairs and replacements.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid debt instruments and other short-term investments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less.

#### **Certificates of Deposit**

Certificates of deposit, with maturities at date of purchase of more than three months, are reported at cost which approximates fair value.

#### **Investments**

Investments, consisting primarily of certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury Bills and other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government and equity securities with readily determinable market values are measured at fair value, as of period-end in the financial statements. Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) and unrealized gains and losses on investments are recognized in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Membership Dues Receivable

Membership dues receivable at the balance sheet date represent fees due from members. The Association accounts for receivables on the cost basis. Receivables are considered delinquent after 30 days, at which time the Association pursues collection. Receivables are reviewed regularly, and liens are filed against the property after 120 days related to the delinquent account. The Association has provisions to assess late fees and lien the real property. If these provisions fail, the Association could incur a loss equal to the amount of the receivable.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist primarily of golf merchandise and food and beverages, which are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis.

#### Common Property

The Association holds title to common real property consisting of seven golf courses, four recreation centers, a library, and a bowling alley. The Association is responsible for preserving and maintaining the properties and may dispose of them only with the majority consent of the members. In conformity with industry practice, the Association recognizes the following common property as assets:

- Common personal property
- Common real property to which it has title and that it can dispose of for cash while retaining the proceeds or that is used to generate significant cash flows from members or from nonmembers

Accordingly, the Association recognized the acquisition of the golf courses, recreation centers, and the land on which they are built as assets at their value on the dates they were transferred from the developer.

#### Land, Buildings, and Equipment

Land, buildings, and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property and equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in operations.

The Association reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount of fair value less costs to sell.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Deferred Income**

Deferred income consists principally of annual membership dues, fees, and golf fees paid in advance. These dues and fees are reflected in operating revenue ratably over the yearly period to which they apply. Prepaid membership and golf fees are refunded on a pro rata basis to members as defined by the Association Policy Statements.

#### Membership Dues Revenue

Regular assessments (membership dues) are levied for the member's proportionate share of common expenses. The annual budget and member assessments are approved by the governing board of directors. Members are subject to assessments to provide funds for the Association's operating expenses, future capital acquisitions, and major repairs and replacements. Membership dues are billed annually. Membership dues revenue is recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied at transaction amounts expected to be collected. The Association's performance obligations related to its operating assessments are generally the costs of operating the Association. The regular assessment revenue is recognized over the assessment period, which is generally one year. If a supplemental estimate is charged due to the inadequacy of the regular assessment, the supplemental estimate will be recognized as revenue in the current year of the inadequate regular assessment.

#### Reserve Fund Assessment Revenue

The Association allocates a portion of the membership dues (reserve contributions) to reserve funds to pay capital expenditures not assessed to the members by the regular assessments. Reserve fund assessment revenue is recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied at transaction amounts expected to be collected. The performance obligations related to the reserve contributions are satisfied when these funds are expended for their designated purpose. Unspent funds will present as a liability on the balance sheet.

#### **Golf Course Fees**

The Association controls and operates seven golf courses that members have the option to utilize. Members pay golf fee in advance for a 12 month period, at time of use or a combination of both. Golf course fees are recognized as the related performance obligations (the use of the course) are satisfied at transaction amounts expected to be collected. The golf course fees paid in advance are recognized over the 12 month period.

#### **Asset Preservation Fee**

Asset preservation fees are due upon becoming the owner of a lot in the Association. The asset preservation fees are used as a contribution to the Association for future major repairs and replacements. Asset preservation fees are recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied at transaction amounts expected to be collected. The performance obligations related to the asset preservation fees are satisfied when these funds are expended for their designated purpose. Unspent funds will present as a liability on the balance sheet.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Association qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and, therefore, there is no provision for income taxes. The Association has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation. Income determined to be unrelated business taxable income (UBTI) would be taxable. The Association is also exempt from state of Arizona taxation.

The Association believes that there are no uncertain tax positions in accordance with applicable standards.

The federal and state corporate tax returns of the Association are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state taxing authorities, generally for three years after they were filed.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Association maintains its cash and cash equivalents with commercial banks and brokerage accounts with other institutions. Balances on deposit with commercial banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to specified limits. The Association may, in the normal course of business, maintain checking and savings account balances in excess of FDIC's insurance limit in the United States. The Association monitors the financial condition of its depository bank, which is currently rated Aa3 by *Moody's* and A+ by *Standard & Poor's*, on a regular basis.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Association adopted FASB ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Topic 606 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in FASB ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and requires the recognition of revenue when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Adoption of the standard has resulted in a restatement of fund balance, see Note 7 for additional disclosure.

#### NOTE 2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have established a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Levels within the hierarchy are based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

Level 2 – Inputs to valuation methodology are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuations are derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer, or broker-traded transactions.

In determining fair value, the Association uses various valuation approaches within the fair value measurement framework. Fair value measurements are determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value and their classification in the valuation hierarchy:

Equity securities listed on a national market or exchange are valued at the last sales price, of if there is no sale and the market is still considered active at the last transaction price before year-end. Such securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Debt securities consisting of publicly traded bonds are valued at the most recent price of the equivalent quoted yield for such securities, or those of comparable maturity, quality, and type. Such debt securities are generally classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

In some instances, there are investments in private equity funds that serve as an investment manager to purchase investments mainly in domestic stocks, single mutual bonds, international stock, short-term securities, and fixed securities and the majority of the underlying securities have observable Level 1 quoted pricing inputs. While the underlying asset values are quoted prices, the net asset value of the private equity fund is not publicly quoted and is considered to fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Private equity funds, funds of funds, limited partnerships, and hedge funds are valued at fair value at their net asset values. These prices are not publicly quoted and are considered to fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values.

#### NOTE 2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Furthermore, while the Association believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Following is a description of the nature and risks of the categories of assets by major security type.

Fixed Income: Consists of a certificate or other evidence of a debt (secured or unsecured) on which the issuing company or governmental body promises to pay the holder thereof a fixed, variable, or floating rate of interest for a specified length of time and to repay the debt on the specified maturity date. These securities include a variety of fixed income obligations, including, but not limited to, corporate bonds, government securities, municipal securities, convertible securities, mortgage-backed securities, and asset-backed securities.

Non-U.S. Equities: These primarily invest in securities of issuers in Europe and the Pacific Basin that the advisor believes has potential for growth. Most funds divide their assets among a dozen or more developed markets, and the remainder in emerging markets.

*U.S. Equities*: These investments seek to provide long-term growth of capital and income through primarily investing in common stock. Blend funds contain investments representative of the overall stock market in size, growth rates, and price. Value funds focus on investing in big companies that are less expensive or growing more slowly than other stocks. Growth funds invest in big companies that are projected to grow faster than other large cap stocks.

The following table presents assets measured at fair value by classification within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2021:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities:				
U.S. Equities	\$ 1,865,448	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,865,448
Non-U.S. Equities	1,264,027	-	-	1,264,027
Debt Securities:				
Fixed Income	22,527,519			22,527,519
Total	\$ 25,656,994	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,656,994

#### NOTE 3 MEMBERSHIP DUES RECEIVABLE

The membership dues receivable consist of the following:

Membership Dues Receivable	\$ 284,321
Allowance for Doubtful Membership Dues	(79,644)
Total Membership Dues Receivable, Net	\$ 204,677

#### NOTE 4 LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT

Land, buildings, and equipment consist of the following:

\$ 2,234,499
5,196,987
614,062
47,266,219
50,072,757
24,179,048
129,563,572
(81,378,228)
\$ 48,185,344

#### NOTE 5 CONCENTRATIONS OF RISKS

Financial instruments that subject the Association to potential concentrations of credit risk consist principally of assessments receivable which is included in membership dues receivables on the balance sheets. The receivables are substantially all due from the Association's members, within a relatively small geographic area. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to receivables are extremely limited due to the fact that the amounts are due from members of the Association, are individually insignificant, and are subject to real property liens by the Association.

#### NOTE 6 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SAVINGS PLAN

The Association has a 401(k) defined contribution savings plan covering certain full-time employees who are at least 21 years of age and have completed six months of service. Contributions are made at the Association's discretion. The profit sharing and 401(k) matching contributions totaled \$412,525 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 7 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association adopted FASB ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. This pronouncement requires the restatement of the June 30, 2020 ending fund balance, see table below:

			Cum	ulative Effect of	
			Appli	cation of FASB	
	Е	Balances as	ASC	606 Changes in	Balances
	Pre	viously Stated	Endir	g Fund Balance	 s Restated
Undesignated Members' Equity	\$	47,653,289	\$	-	\$ 47,653,289
Board-Designated Members' Equity		27,246,776		(27,246,776)	-
Replacement Fund Reserve		-		27,246,776	27,246,776

The following are the line items from the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances and the statement of cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2021, that were affected, the amounts that would have been reported under the former guidance, the effects of applying the new guidance, and the amounts reported under the new guidance:

	Amounts That Would Have Been Reported 2020	Effects of Applying New Guidance 2020	As Reported 2020
Revenues:			
Membership Dues and Other Fees	\$ 14,740,756	\$ -	\$ 14,740,756
Asset Preservation Fee	5,061,000	(3,508,278)	1,552,722
Golf Course Fees	8,686,905	-	8,686,905
Ancillary Revenue	928,624	-	928,624
Bowling Fees	433,522	-	433,522
Recreation Fees	20,250	-	20,250
Special Events	(27,024)	-	(27,024)
Merchandise Sales Income	146,752	-	146,752
Food and Beverage Income	166,361	-	166,361
Club Funding of Capital Projects	5,350	-	5,350
Investment Income on Reserve Investments	771,600	-	771,600
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain on			
Reserve Investments	1,405,832	-	1,405,832
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	6,181		6,181
Total Revenues	\$ 32,346,109	\$ (3,508,278)	\$ 28,837,831
Excess of Revenue Over Expenses	\$ 5,985,862	\$ (3,508,278)	\$ 2,477,584
Cash Flows:			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	\$ 5,985,862	\$ (3,508,278)	\$ 2,477,584
Increase in Deferred Revenue Fund Reserves	\$ -	\$ 3,508,278	\$ 3,508,278
Total Increase in Contract Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 3,508,278	\$ 3,508,278

#### NOTE 7 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (CONTINUED)

The following table provides information about significant changes in the homeowners' assessments paid in advance and unearned assessments for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Prepaid Assessments, Beginning of the Year Membership Dues and Other Fees Recognized Collections of Membership Dues and Other Fees Prepaid Assessments, End of the Year	\$ 6,941,795 (14,740,756) 15,057,479 \$ 7,258,518
Deferred Revenue Fund Reserves,	
Beginning of the Year	\$ 27,246,776
Collection of Asset Preservation Fees	5,061,000
Allocation of Assessments	3,714,196
Reserve Contributions Recognized	(3,714,196)
Asset Preservation Fees Recognized	(1,552,722)
Deferred Revenue Fund Reserves,	
End of the Year	\$ 30,755,054

#### NOTE 8 FUTURE MAJOR REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS

The Association's governing documents require that the funds be accumulated for future major repairs and replacements. Accumulated funds, which aggregate \$28,766,992 at June 30, 2021, are held in separate savings and investment accounts and are generally not available for expenditures for normal operations. Management has developed a five-year forecast for capital expenditures which include repair, replacements, and new capital.

A Level II (update with a site visit) capital replacement reserve study was performed as of June 30, 2020. The table included in the unaudited supplementary information on Future Major Repairs and Replacements is based on the study.

The Association has a goal to annually fund the Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund at 70% of the Current Fully Funded Reserve Balance, which was \$48,994,152 as of January 1, 2021, per the reserve study.

#### NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Association enters into various contracts for landscape and other services. Generally, all contracts are for one-year terms and can be canceled by either party with 30 to 90 days' notification.

The Association may become involved in claims and pending litigation arising in the normal course of its operations. The Association is currently not involved in any such litigation which management believes could have a material adverse effect on the Association's financial position.

#### NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the Association, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results. Management believes the Association is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.

#### NOTE 10 NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In February 2016, the FASB issued amended guidance for the treatment of leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability for all operating and finance leases with lease terms greater than one year. The accounting for lessors will remain relatively unchanged. The guidance also requires both qualitative and quantitative disclosures regarding the nature of the entity's leasing activities. The guidance will initially be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The amendments in the guidance are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted. Management is evaluating the impact of the amended lease guidance on the Association's financial statements.

### RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON FUTURE MAJOR REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

JUNE 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

A Level II (update with a site visit) capital replacement reserve study was performed as of June 30, 2020, by a reserve specialist contracted by the Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc.. The purpose of the study was to estimate the remaining useful lives and the replacement costs of common property (excluding land and buildings) of Recreation Centers of Sun City West, Inc.. Replacement costs were based on the estimated costs to repair or replace the common property components at the date of the study. Funding of the replacement takes into account the effects of inflation at an annual rate of 3% between the date of the study and the date that the components will require repair or replacement. Management updated the capital replacement reserve study as of June 30, 2020 utilizing a tool provided by the reserve specialist. As of September 21, 2021, the reserve tool has been updated to reflect the activity during the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2021. The board-designated assets were adjusted appropriately and the fully funded balance as of June 30, 2021 is estimated at \$48,994,152.

Reserve fund strength is measured as a percentage. Typically, associations with a percent funded level of 70% and above have a low risk for special assessments. Conversely, associations with a percent funded level of 30% and below have a high risk of special assessments and deferred maintenance.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the governing board approved setting the repair and replacement percentage funding goal at 40% - 100%. The estimated percentage funded as of June 30, 2021 was 58.72%.

# RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON FUTURE MAJOR REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

A summary of the estimated current replacement cost and current reserve account balance is presented below. Estimated remaining life is as of the date of the asset replacement study.

Components	Estimated Remaining Life	Estimated Current Replacement Costs	Reserve Account Balance at June 30, 2021
Recreation Centers Division:			
RH Johnson Recreation Center	1 - 30	\$ 11,688,995	\$ -
Beardsley Recreation Center	1 - 30	3,981,184	Ψ -
Kuentz Recreation Center	1 - 30	3,949,129	<u>-</u>
Palm Ridge Recreation Center	1 - 28	3,752,586	_
Total Recreation Centers Division	0	23,371,894	
Sports Pavilion Division	1 - 30	2,254,681	-
Golf Course Division:			
Pebblebrook Golf Course	1 - 30	8,177,248	-
Stardust Golf Course	1 - 30	6,296,342	-
Grandview Golf Course	1 - 30	10,686,162	-
Echo Mesa Golf Course	1 - 30	6,346,498	-
Trail Ridge Golf Course	1 - 30	7,690,930	-
Deer Valley Golf Course	1 - 25	8,064,700	-
Desert Trails Golf Couse	1 - 30	6,492,891	
Golf General	1 - 22	887,393	
Total Golf Course Division		54,642,164	-
Infrastructure	1 - 30	2,027,372	
Total		\$ 82,296,111	\$ 28,766,992

# RECREATION CENTERS OF SUN CITY WEST, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON FUTURE MAJOR REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

The governing board has established the basis for the Association's facility reserve in governing board policy Fi 4. This policy requires that reserve requirements be determined on an annual basis as part of the Annual Financial Plan.

Current year asset preservation fees, board designations of members' equity, and other cash flows generated during the year, fund an annual capital budget which is approved by the governing board for necessary replacement of capital assets due to normal usage and age, as well as new capital projects.

A summary of the estimated reserve required to fund the annual major repairs and or replacement of the Association's capital assets due to normal usage, age, and to continue the normal maintenance and operation of the facilities are as follows:

Reserve Account Balance	\$ 28,766,992
Net Transfers Subsequent to Year-End	 1,988,062
Reserve Account Balance	\$ 30,755,054

